

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

VOL XXXII.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1884.

NO. 350.

LESS THAN COST--GENTS' LOW SHOES

French Calf Hand-Sewed Oxfords : \$6.50, now \$4.50
French Calf Hand-Sewed Oxfords : 7.50, now 5.25
French Calf Hand-Sewed Prince Alberts : 6.50, now 4.50
French Calf Oxfords : 5.00, now 3.50
French Kid Strap : 4.50, now 3.00
These goods are new and stylish, which we are selling at less than cost to close out above lines.

ABER'S,
217 N. 5th St.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES,
French Fruits, Chocolates, Ice Creams and
Lunch Parlor.

503 N. FOURTH STREET.

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LAUNDRY**
2308 and 2310 Washington Av. Down Town Office 314 Olive St.

1884. THE CAMPAIGN 1884.
**WEEKLY
POST-DISPATCH.**

OFFICE POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market Street,
ST. LOUIS, July 15, 1884.

In order to meet the demands of the campaign year, the Campaign Edition of the WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH will be furnished to subscribers from this date until January 1, 1885, at the low rate of 30 cents. In order to get the full benefit of this reduction orders should be sent in early.

Our regular commissions will be continued to postmasters, agents and dealers.

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The POST-DISPATCH,
St. Louis, Mo.

THE STILLMAN,
EUCLID AVENUE, - - - Cleveland, Ohio.
The only house in the city run both on the

EUROPEAN & AMERICAN PLAN.
This hotel, newly furnished, thoroughly fire-proof, is beautifully situated on the main avenue in America, and is the most elegantly furnished and best located in the city. Rooms single and en suite, with baths and closets attached.
Regular Rates \$3.50 per day.
A. SOUTHERN, Manager.

**ST. LOUIS
PRIVATE LYING-IN HOSPITAL
AND
CLINIC FOR FEMALE DISEASES.**
Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated.
1205 Chouteau Avenue, DR. H. NEWLAND.

**PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY
ACADEMY.**
CHARTERED 25th year open book in America. A military college, civil engineering, chemistry, physics, geology, and all other sciences. 213 Clark St., ST. LOUIS, MO. H. H. HAYAT, President.

T. & DILLON, AUCTIONEER.
Bankrupt stocks sold daily at auction. Real estate, furniture, and all other goods. Special attention given to the sale of stocks of all household furniture, etc.
For Office Use, For Sale by **GLOBE FILES** Are the Best. all St. Louis.

**ANDREWS
Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles.**
Folding, comfortable, portable.
J. H. ANDREWS, 111 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

**NO POISON
IN THE PASTRY**

**DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS
ARE USED.**
Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., Flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, etc., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. **MAKERS OF**
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
AND
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,
Best Dry Hop Yeast.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

**JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT**
204 N. WALNUT ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.

LATEST EDITION.

AN INFAMOUS LIE.

Mr. Hadley's Answer to John I. Davenport's "More" Letter
Pamphlet.

Emphatic Denial of Davenport's Charges
—The News From Michigan—Senator Mahone in New York—Ben Butler's Exhibition of Himself—An Independent Ticket in Vermont.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The news from Michigan, of the endorsement of Greenback electors by the Democrats created quite a stir at both National headquarters to-day, and the Democratic managers freely expressed their satisfaction at the fusion which gives them seven electoral votes out of the thirteen total. The nomination of Governor Boggs assures the Democratic managers that Blaine has lost Michigan beyond all peradventure. It is even considered more possible that a similar fusion in Iowa will take that State away from the Republicans. To-day the Democratic managers look at the western question with cheerful eyes. They confidently claim Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin with a fighting chance in Iowa. Democratic reports from Blaine ask the National Committee to look out for a surprise party at the State election September 8, as a very large number of Republican electors have gone to the Chicago man. Blaine understands to-day that the Illinois Fusionists are well organized and will make a hard fight for members of the Legislature voting on the minority representative plan, with chances of gaining enough members to place the Legislature in precisely the same position it was when David Davis was elected Senator over Logan, and so he figures Mr. Logan's text, and public speaking, ending in a very little of Indiana affairs and the State is seldom mentioned at headquarters, the understanding being that Mr. Hendrick's present still-hunt process and is averse to wasting ammunition on a dead sure thing.

A GREAT DEAL OF MEMORIAL is excited over Ben Butler's declaration of the invitation to review the case of the late Senator, September 1. As a matter of fact he received no invitation and declined on the strength of setting the matter prior to a Boston paper. The National Union No. 6 objected to the invitation and the Central Union No. 7. The latter is a very large number of official invitation until to-morrow in order to give the objectors time to meet and be heard on the matter. Mr. Butler will be here to-day, and on Saturday night, August 30, and will intend to remain over until the following Monday. Senator Mahone was cross, sulky and very hot to-day. Immediately after breakfast he went to the office, and in the afternoon, and very hot to-day. Immediately after breakfast he went to the office, and in the afternoon, and very hot to-day. Immediately after breakfast he went to the office, and in the afternoon, and very hot to-day.

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Warren of Brattleboro, N. H. Spencer of Dover, N. H. Peabody of Lowell, Mass. and J. B. Deming of Wilmington, Delaware, to a State conference which is expected to be held early next week for the purpose of putting in nomination a State Independent ticket. The following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved, That we recall with pride the glorious achievements of the Republican party under the leadership of Lincoln and Seward of Sumner and Chase and Wilson, we cannot shut our eyes to the reckless extravagance and wholesale corruption which have characterized its later days, nor forget that its front ranks are now crowded with the Robber and the Belknap, the Kaffir and the Dorr, and the like, and that such are the men that the grand old party to-day delights to honor.

Resolved, That in the selection of James G. Blaine as the Republican standard bearer, we recognize the triumph of the worst elements of the party, and believe that his official record, from the top of which he has threatened to discharge us if I looked at other men, is a fitting tribute to the party which he has so unwisely chosen to represent.

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to political rings with all that they imply.

KILLED AT A CROSSING.
An Exclusion Train Accident Confessed His Crime—Glanders—Illinois—Affairs.

KANSAS CITY, Ill., August 22.—A Sunday school of the I. C. crossing here yesterday when a train of excursion cars, from the top of which he threatened to discharge us if I looked at other men, is a fitting tribute to the party which he has so unwisely chosen to represent.

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THE OLD STORY.

Miss Ella Ames Makes an Attempt Upon Her Life.

Her Employer Gives an Explanation Which Tells Miss Ella to Tell the True Story—Indignation Caused by the Matter.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 22.—Miss Ella Ames, employed in William Bunting's large shoe manufacturing establishment, attempted suicide yesterday by taking arsenic. She was well educated and handsome and her associates said that she was soon to be married. The poison produced nausea and a doctor was summoned in time to administer antidotes and save her life. To-day she had recovered sufficiently to speak of her affairs. It was true, she said, that she

had intended to be married, but her employer had opposed her union and had used threats to prevent her from seeing her lover, who was a young man of good standing at Millville. When asked for her employer's reasons she said: "Because Mr. Bunting said he could not get any one to take my place if I was married. That is all I can tell. When seen by your correspondent Mr. Bunting said that Miss Ames had received too many attentions of late from young men, and she had been treated with too much familiarity. He said that she had remained all night. When this statement was repeated to Miss Ames she burst into tears and said she would tell the truth. A notary was sent for and Miss Ames made the following sworn statement: "Mr. William Bunting has betrayed and ruined me. When I first went to his employ

I was innocent and pure. He used every means to get my consent to comply with his base desires. I complied through promises and fears. I have long wished to escape from him. He threatened to discharge me if I looked at other men. In my despair I sought to take my life. My God, what I have suffered no one knows but my maker and myself and all that I am because of my destroyer, debaser and betrayer, William Bunting. (Signed) Ella R. Ames.

Miss Ames' associates say that her reputation has always been above reproach. Popular indignation is very strong against Mr. Bunting who is married, and has children. He is one of the most prominent manufacturers of Burlington. Miss Ames' mother indignantly denied to-night that her daughter had ever associated with men improperly and the revelation was a great shock to her.

WARNER'S FLIGHT.
Details of the Albion Bank Suspension—Some Startling Developments.

ALBION, N. Y., August 22.—Further developments in the First National Bank suspension show that A. S. Warner, the president, has mediated with the directors for some time past. As executor of the Burrows estate he was to have filed an account on the last of this month, and this undoubtedly precipitated his flight. The largest stockholders in the bank were the Burrows heirs—the estate being valued at from three to ten million dollars. Warner was the adopted son of A. S. Warner, one of the executors of Burrows and the late president of the bank. Upon his death the adopted son took his place in both capacities, and upon the death of the other executors he assumed entire control, both of the estate and the affairs of the bank. How much he has lost is speculation cannot be ascertained, as he took with him the keys of the bank safe. He sold all his real estate before absconding, and he was going to St. Catharines, Canada. His whereabouts are at present unknown. The last published statement of the bank, July 1, showed: Total resources, \$200,000; liabilities and deposits, \$150,000; capital, \$100,000. Surplus, \$50,000. The loss will fall mostly on the Burrows estate, and it is thought all creditors will be paid in full. Warner left a wife and one child unprotected for here. The news of Warner's disappearance in Boston brought to light some facts of a most sensational and probably criminal character. Among the heirs of the Burrows estate is William H. Burrows, aged 32, now a helpless paralytic and unable to do at any moment. It is he who precipitated Warner for an accounting, now having been urged for the past five years. For this purpose he gave William H. Burrows, which is a power of attorney. Soon after he was taken violently sick, which in April last resulted in paralysis. It is alleged that he was systematically poisoned with arsenic and an investigation into the case shows that he had taken large quantities into his system in some unknown manner. Warner is suspected as he had every reason to believe that the Burrows estate was in a weak and helpless state, where he must soon die. Caution says that Warner offered him \$2,000 in cash for the power of attorney given him by Burrows.

COMBINED AGAINST PROHIBITION.
Gov. Glick of Kansas Renominated and Indorsed by Re-Submission Republicans.

TOPEKA, Kan., August 22.—The State Democratic Convention organized permanently, with Col. A. S. Everett of Atchison in the chair, who made an address in which he rebuked the Re-submission party for its errors, and dwelt at length on re-submission, stating that the people were in favor of it. The platform adopted indorsed the National nominees and the administration of Gov. Glick, demanded a repeal of the present prohibition law for the enforcement of prohibition, congratulated the people on the good work accomplished by the board of Railroad Commissioners, called for the opening up of the Indian Territory, denouncing the removal of settlers by troops as an outrage, and pledged themselves to support the laboring men and oppose the importation of foreign pauper labor. A committee of seven was appointed to confer with a committee appointed by the Re-submission Convention, which was later received by the convention. Governor Glick was nominated by acclamation and made an eloquent speech of acceptance. The following additional nominations on the State ticket were made: Lieutenant-Governor, Col. C. K. Holliday of Topeka; the candidate of the Re-submission Republicans; Secretary of State, Eugene Laman of Topeka; State Auditor, Hugh V. Garigan of Cherokee County; Attorney-General, G. B. Smith of Allen County; Superintendent of Education, M. J. Keys of Ottawa County; Chief Justice, W. P. Campbell of Sedgewick County; Associate Justice, T. A. Hurd of Leavenworth County.

REPUBLICAN RE-SUBMISSIONISTS.
TOPEKA, Kan., August 22.—The Republican Re-submission Convention met yesterday and passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that it is inexpedient at this time to place in nomination a State ticket.

Resolved, That it is recommended to the Re-submission Convention that they should do it as a principle of Republicanism, but if the Democrats put Col. C. K. Holliday upon the ticket as a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor they would do it as their own volition, and would be paying a handsome compliment to the re-submissionists.

The officers and members of George Peabody Council, No. 388, American Legion of Honor, attended the burial this afternoon of Karl Hopper.

Second Congressional District. The Hamilton County convention nominated the following ticket: Probate Judge, Isaac Watson; Sheriff, Morris S. Piliard; Solicitor, Otway J. Congrove; Coroner, Dr. T. F. Fredegar; Commissioner, Henry C. Lester; Board of Control, Charles McDewitt; Infermary Director, Henry Elmendorf.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 22.—The Republican Convention nominated the following ticket: Probate Judge, Isaac Watson; Sheriff, Morris S. Piliard; Solicitor, Otway J. Congrove; Coroner, Dr. T. F. Fredegar; Commissioner, Henry C. Lester; Board of Control, Charles McDewitt; Infermary Director, Henry Elmendorf.

WALLACE RAVITTED.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 22.—A Wallace ravishment meeting was held last night at the Board of Trade Hall, which was crowded. Mr. Wallace declared his intention of seeing the fight through. Other speeches were made by Judge Cowan, W. J. Lathrop, Col. Wofford and S. M. Ford. The Graves ravishment meeting will be held to-morrow.

PRIMAVERIA WELL ATTENDED.
RICHMOND, Mo., August 22.—The intention of the Republicans to put a ticket in the field has aroused the Democracy of Ray County, who attended yesterday's primaries in larger numbers than usual.

CALL TO MEET.
LEXINGTON, Mo., August 22.—A call has been issued to the Republicans of Lafayette County to elect delegates to-morrow to a County Convention to be held at Highville on Wednesday.

TWO HUNDRED BALLOTS.
LAWRENCE, Kan., August 22.—Hon. A. W. Benson of Franklin County, was nominated as Republican candidate for the Iowa, Anderson and Franklin County District on the 20th ballot.

LARGER MAIL BOXES.
The Post Office Department Will Assist the Down-Town Merchants.

The wall of the down-town merchants for better mail facilities than now exist, which was brought to the attention of Postmaster W. W. Wood by the Post-Dispatch, is meeting with the attention it merits. For several days past the Post-Office officials have been discussing the problem and endeavoring to devise some means by which to improve upon the authorities at Washington the necessity for larger mail boxes in the business portions of the city. A number of letters have been sent from the office with that end in view, and it is expected that St. Louis will, in a short while, enjoy the same facilities in this respect as the larger eastern cities. At present the down-town boxes are as large as any that the department will permit of constructing of the law, are allowed to furnish. But as New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other large eastern cities have been granted the privilege of larger boxes for the receipt of the mail, it is expected that St. Louis will be granted the same privilege when the necessity for them is shown. These larger boxes are made so as to be completely surrounded by the lamp post and their capacity is about four or five times that of the ordinary boxes. If these are obtained and there is no reasonable pretense upon which the authorities at Washington can refuse them, the present inconvenience may be temporarily lessened, but it seems to be the prevailing opinion of business men that a question of time when a substantial improvement in that respect may be established would not require a large addition to the present force, and besides the proportionate benefits to be derived would be incalculable.

DENIES THE MURDER.
Steward Gomez Says That Capt. Lewis Died a Natural Death.

NEW YORK, August 22.—Steward Peter Gomez of the schooner Julia Baker, whose captain was reported murdered, arrived here to-day and was arrested. He states that Captain Lewis died and was buried on board, that it made out the dead load of lumber at Baltimore, and he (Gomez) left the vessel at Orange Key. He does not think any one responsible for the death of Captain Lewis. He says he had no money from mate Walker, but that the latter did write to sell the cargo. United States Commissioner Smith declined his trial.

JUMPED FROM A RAFT.
Suicide of a St. Louis Man at Charleston, Iowa, This Morning.

BURLINGTON, Ia., August 22.—This morning Tom Campbell, a traveling salesman for a St. Louis mill-holm, whose parents reside at Charleston, Iowa, suicided by jumping from a raft into the Mississippi River at this place. He was a young man and unmarried.

Will Prove The Charges.
By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., August 22.—The counsel employed by John C. Shoemaker to defend the libel suit against the Sentinel, have given notice to the Court that their answer to the complaint will not be filed until the expiration of the time allowed for answering in Court, which will be on the twenty-ninth inst. It is their intention to avail themselves of the opportunity in the meantime to collect further evidence supporting the charges against Blaine, which they declare positively they will prove.

Trouble Feared.
By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

KEOSAU, Iowa, August 22.—The attempted introduction of a crowd of negro miners into the mines at What Cheer, Iowa, to take the place of striking miners threatens a serious riot but that town. Citizens are alarmed at the outlook and have asked that the militia be called out. Continued reductions in the price of mining was the cause which led to the strike. The sympathy of the people is with the striking miners.

Israel's Remains Intact.
KALAMAZOO, Mich., August 22.—Commander Schley of the Greely relief expedition, stated privately that the remains of the late Edward Lewis of Kalamazoo, the meteorologist of the Lady Franklin Bay expedition, were intact. The relations will not allow them to be exhumed.

A Violent Boy.
Wills Edwards, a colored boy, was ordered to leave Michael Keating's yard, at No. 270 Franklin avenue, yesterday, and becoming very angry threw an old faucet at Mr. Keating, inflicting an ugly gash over the right eye. The boy will be arrested and prosecuted.

Railroad Earnings.
NEW YORK, August 22.—The earnings of the New York Central Railroad for the nine months ending June 30, 1884, were \$7,502,440. The earnings of the Lake Shore Railroad for the quarter ending June 30, 1884, were \$1,508,166.

The Chautauque Meeting.
CHATTANOOGA, August 22.—Rev. Daniel Curry lectured this morning on "The Theology of the Heart," after which a children's spelling match was held.

Tobacco Fire.
DANVILLE, Va., August 21.—Pearson & Co.'s tobacco factory was burned here this morning. Loss, \$100,000.

Arrested for Murder.
NEW YORK, August 22.—Joseph Rice was arrested this morning for fatally shooting Lena Stein, a refusing his attention.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.
The Wagon-makers' Union 8 meets to-morrow night at Thirteenth and Benton streets for the election of officers.

John Cunningham, alias McCabe, was arrested in the Third District to-day, charged with stealing a part of a set of harness.

The officers and members of George Peabody Council, No. 388, American Legion of Honor, attended the burial this afternoon of Karl Hopper.

CARONDELLE JOTTINGS.
The Glendale Zinc Works are about to start another furnace.

H. Hays of the Aminger des Westens, started for Belvidere this morning.

Conductor W. J. Kim returned from New York this morning, bringing his mother with him.

There are at present 80,000 bushels of grain in the St. N. Elevator. Grain is coming in slowly, but it is of a very fair quality.

Some of the machinery of the Valdes Iron Works is being moved out. When the new improved machinery is put in, 400 men will be needed than with the old machinery to do the same work.

GETTING HOT.

Admiral Courbet Ordered to Bombard the Arsenal at Foo Chow.

The Chinese Programme in a War With the French—Appeal to the Neutral Powers—The Salvation Army in Trouble—The Cholera—Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, August 22.—A dispatch from Shanghai to Reuters' Telegram Company says: "Vicente de Semaile, the French representative at Peking, immediately after lowering the French flag at the legation, started for Shanghai."

FURTHER NEWS.
A dispatch from Peking to the Times to-day says: "The French legation left Peking yesterday. A telegraph station was opened here to-day. This is the first message wired."

THE REMOVAL OF THE ARSENAL.
PARIS, August 22.—Admiral Courbet was instructed to bombard the arsenal at Foo Chow this morning, and land a detachment of troops and destroy the war material and stores accumulated there, which is of immense value. This operation is intended as a reprisal for the action of the Chinese at Lung Son. At the same time the French officer of Kung, has been ordered to occupy the port and coal mines as a security for the indemnity demanded by France.

WHAT CHINA WILL DO.
LONDON, August 22.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon says: "China will not issue a declaration of war, but will inform France and the neutral powers that she will regard a repetition of the French attack on an attack on Chinese territory as ipso facto a declaration of war. The Chinese will ask the other powers, and especially England, to be strictly neutral. The French fleet at Hong Kong has been the base of operations against Tongkin. China expects that in case of a French attack, English colonies will be warned of their duties as a nation. It is quite certain the Chinese will immediately close the southern frontier and invade Tongkin."

England.
LONDON, August 22.—An ultimatum has been sent to the French of Tongkin, demanding the release within a fortnight of the crew of the steamship Nisero, whom the Rajah has held in captivity since the vessel was wrecked last November.

Assigned.
Leopold Lippman, who keeps a jewelry store at 402 Olive street, made an assignment to-day for the benefit of his creditors to Trustee P. Dyer. The value of the property assigned is \$4,000.

France.
PARIS, August 22.—Five deaths from cholera occurred at Marseilles last night and two at Toulon. The weather in Toulon is cooler and the public health is improving.

DEATHS FOR TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.
MAMSELLERS, August 22.—The report of deaths in the Southern department of France for the last twenty-four hours is as follows: Herault, 4 deaths; Gard, 5; Garde, 2; Eastern Pyrenees, 2.

Italy.
ROME, August 22.—Bullens of cholera in Italy for the past twenty-four hours are as follows: At Bergamo—Three deaths and fourteen fresh cases. Canino—Five deaths and three fresh cases. Como—Six deaths and twelve fresh cases. Como—One fresh case. Milan—One fresh case. Parma—One fresh case. Pavia—One fresh case. Turin—Four deaths and nine fresh cases. Turin—Three deaths and one fresh case.

Switzerland.
BERNE, August 22.—The Canton of Berne forbids the Salvation Army to hold meetings within its territory on the ground that the meetings are not religious.

The Dominion.
QUEBEC, August 22.—Bush fires are raging in the Saguenay district. Telegraph is out of order at St. Alphonse.

OFFICERS ELECTED.
The American Bar Association Meeting Adjourns Its Session To-day.

SARATOGA, August 22.—The closing day of the American Bar Association meeting was called to order this morning by President Harper. The meeting was opened with the nomination and election of the following officers: President, John W. Stevenson of Kentucky; Secretary, Edward Otis Hinkley of Baltimore; Treasurer, Francis Rawls of Pennsylvania; Executive Committee, John P. Rolan of Vermont, Simon E. Baldwin of Connecticut and William Allen Butler, New York. The secretary and treasurer are ex-officio members of the committee. A vice president and local council of four were elected for each state belonging to the association. The committee on international law resolution was passed committing the paper read by Simon Stearns last night to the Committee on Jurisprudence and Law Reform. The by-laws were amended to permit the committee to have reports printed by the Secretary; also, to allow traveling and other necessary expenses incurred by standing in special committee on the subject of international law. After the passage of several minor resolutions the association adjourned until next morning.

The treasurer's report showed a balance of \$1,925. A resolution was offered that the committee on commercial law be requested to report at next meeting as to the expediency of securing legislation from several States to make the law uniform in obligations arising from endorsements in blank in bills of exchange and promissory notes. David Dudley Field offered a resolution that a special committee of five be appointed to consider the next meeting whether the present delay and uncertainty in judicial administration can be lessened and if so by what means. Adopted. Matters affecting changes in transport, trade-marks and copyright law were referred to the committee on commercial law. The committee on international law was instructed to look into the question of the establishment of a bureau of registration of births, marriages and deaths. The committee on judicial administration was instructed to take action in relation to a bill in Congress to relieve the pressure of business on the Supreme Court.

AN INJUNCTION ASKED FOR.

Another Suit To-day Growing Out of the Grant & Ward Failure.

New York, August 22.—Suit was begun in the United States Circuit Court to-day by Walter S. Johnson, receiver of the Marine National Bank, against the New York Lake Shore and Western Railroad Company and the Equitable Life Insurance Company to enjoin the defendants from disposing of certain securities hypothecated to the bank and afterwards withdrawn. The firm of Grant & Ward deposited with the bank bonds of the Erie and Lake Erie Railroad Company whose par value was \$200,000, and mortgage bonds of the New York, Lake Erie and St. Louis Railroad Company of a par value of \$700,000. In April, it is alleged, these bonds were withdrawn and 500 shares of Union Dry Dock Company stock substituted and an additional \$100,000 made to Grant & Ward. They promised, but failing to deposit other securities in addition, they moreover deposited promissory notes made by the Chicago and Atlantic Railroad and informed by the New York, Lake Erie and Western. These notes, which amounted to \$100,000, are, it is alleged, withdrawn from the bank with 150 shares of Dry Dock stock and hypothecated with the Equitable Life Insurance Company as security for further loan. This suit is brought to restrain these securities, and in the meanwhile to restrain the defendants from disposing of them.

Joplin, Mo.
Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.
Joplin, Mo., August 22.—Mrs. John Steele of Carl Junction and Miss Emma Ehlert of Columbus, Kas., are visiting Mrs. N. Wilson. Miss Mercer arrived from Kentucky yesterday to visit her sister, Mrs. Philip Arnold. Mrs. Moses Welch is expected home to-day from visiting her mother at Cleveland, O. Mrs. Mattie Thomas has a visit from her cousin, Thomas Hart, of Granby. Miss Ben Leonard returned home yesterday from a visit to relatives at Girard, Kas. Mrs. A. H. Alver is visiting Mrs. M. J. Flinders, train master, and A. M. Hager, division superintendent of the Pacific, who have been here with the pay car. Mrs. G. W. Webb and the Misses Webb of Galena visited friends in the city to-day, will not be much changed to-morrow.

DOWN IN THE DARK.

The Steamer Tallapoosa Sunk by a Collision With a Schooner.

Two Men Known to be Drowned and Others Supposed to be Lost—Criminal Carelessness on the Part of the Tallapoosa's Officers the Cause—Statement of Capt. Reed of the Schooner.

COTAGE CREEK, MASS., August 22.—The United States steamer Tallapoosa sank off here last night. The survivors landed at Woodhall. She collided with a three-masted schooner. The fire with her mast and the top of her smoke stack out of the water. It is stated that two lives were lost by the disaster to the Tallapoosa.

LATER DETAILS.
BOSTON, August 22.—The facts of the sinking of the Tallapoosa are as follows: The Tallapoosa, with 40 men and officers, was bound to Newport to take on board Secretary Chandler. At 11 o'clock last night, during a thick fog, three miles northeast of Oak Bluffs, Martha's Vineyard, she was struck on the bow by schooner James S. Lowell of Bath, Capt. Reed, from Baltimore for Portland with a cargo of coal. Her side was crushed in and she sank in five minutes in 10 fathoms of water. As she went down her whistle was blown as a signal of distress. The Hudson River Knitting Mill, at Woodhall, which was at the wharf at Woodhall sent out her steam launch. The Gate City lay to within 300 feet of the Tallapoosa. The schooner was struck on the bow by the Tallapoosa and sank. The schooner was struck on the bow by the Tallapoosa and sank. The schooner was struck on the bow by the Tallapoosa and sank.

NAMES OF THE MISSING.
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 22.—The names of those missing from the Tallapoosa are: Passed Assistant-Surgeon Clarence E. Black and Geo. A. Power, Lieutenants. Some of Secretary Chandler's staff officers were on board. The schooner was struck on the bow by the Tallapoosa and sank. The schooner was struck on the bow by the Tallapoosa and sank. The schooner was struck on the bow by the Tallapoosa and sank.

THE STORM.
Serious Damage Done in the East—A Cyclone in Virginia.
TROY, N. Y., August 22.—During a hail and rain storm yesterday afternoon several houses were struck by lightning in Lansingburg. Two valuable barns were burned in Brunswick. At Greenbush lightning struck the house of Clark Lefe, and Miss Lida Lee, one of the inmates, was badly burned. Thomas Gray, Johnsonville, was knocked down unconscious, but recovered. In various places trees were torn up, fences destroyed and buildings injured. The Hudson River Knitting Mill, at Woodhall, was partly unroofed. The house of J. W. Matton, at Cambridge, was struck and Sarah Matton, daughter of the owner, was fatally injured. The house was set on fire.

PETERSBURG, VA., August 22.—Cheslerford County was visited last evening by a cyclone. Huge trees were uprooted, and fences and outbuildings blown down. Considerable damage was done to orchards. The rain fell in torrents, and a heavy hail was blown by heavy rain and hail, while in other places scarcely any fell.

PITTSBURGH, PA., August 22.—Gallagher Junction, Pa., on the Pittsburgh and Western Railroad, was visited last evening by a regular tornado. During the storm, which lasted about an hour, several houses were blown down, and the crops were uprooted and a great deal of farm property destroyed.

COAL CENTRE, PA., August 22.—The striking coal miners, to the number of 120, marched to Greenbush this morning with brass bands and flags flying, and quietly permitted Deputy Sheriff McClure and his aids to arrest them on a charge of conspiracy and refusal to assist an American citizen to discharge his duty.

Striking Coal Miners March Up to be Arrested—No Trouble.
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THEY MEAN FIGHT.

The Two Republican Factions Rolling Up Their Sleeves.

Two Delegations to go From Here to the Moberly Convention—All Attempts at United Action Fail—Political Notes.

"And what are the Hoodlums going to do now, after the flat snub the Silk Stocking Committee gave them yesterday evening?" asked a Post-Dispatch reporter this morning of a politician who is an oracle in the councils of the Hoodlums.

"I am not a member of the Hoodlum City Committee. I'm a member of the Congressional Committee of our district only. Still, I know what the Hoodlums will do."

"They'll tell Bulky, Kinsky, Kirby & Co. to go to—, and go on attending to the duties of the campaign. Just as though that triumvirate never existed."

"Will they hold separate primaries to elect delegates to the State Convention?"

"Not to say separate. They will call the primaries of the Republican party and if any unauthorized body of men choose to hold other primaries, they have a perfect right to do it. The State Convention is not going to be a party to any such nonsense, and the delegates of Messrs. Bulky, Kinsky and Kirby will find that it's one thing to get a certificate of election at this end and another thing to get admitted to the convention at the other end."

"So there will be two sets of delegates to Moberly."

"If there is a silk-stocking set there will be two. Why the Forrester Committee is the only body having any show of authority on record and it is to represent the party now, because the regular committee choose to concede something in order to prevent their own defeat. The party has grown sick, these silk-stocking gentlemen make the mistake of supposing that they are to be allowed to lay."

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THE FAY MEMORIALS.

Arrangements for the Religious and Civil Services.

The religious memorial services for the late Dr. Octave Fay are to be held at Christ Church, Locust and Thirteenth streets, on Sunday afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock. The services will be very simple, consisting of the regular services for the dead of the Episcopal Church and an address by the Rev. Mr. Rykman, who will officiate. The civil memorial meeting has been arranged for Monday night at Mercantile Library Hall, commencing at 8 o'clock. The time of preparation has been set, and many of those who would otherwise take part are coming to town, but an interesting programme will be arranged. Among those who will take part are: Lyndon A. Smith, the Mayor's secretary; Acting Mayor Parker, Mr. Karl, the French Consul; Dr. Proctor, Pastor, Moore and the faculty of the Missouri Medical School; of which Dr. Fay was a member; and the members of the Academy of Science, the Historical Society and others. A number of Mrs. Fay's friends will also be present. The funeral will be held at St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, August 23, at 10 o'clock. The funeral will be held at St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, August 23, at 10 o'clock. The funeral will be held at St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, August 23, at 10 o'clock.

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TERMS OF THE DAILY.
One year, postage paid, \$10.00
Six months, postage paid, \$6.00
Three months, postage paid, \$3.00
One month, postage paid, \$1.00
By the week (delivered by carrier), 25
By the week (delivered by mail), 25
By the week (delivered by express), 25
By the week (delivered by freight), 25
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FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1884.
Subscribers leaving the city during the summer months, can have the Post-Dispatch mailed to them regularly at the usual rates, by leaving their address at the counting-room, No. 515-17, Market street.

THE Evening Courier of Marshall, Mo., has died after a two month's struggle. The verdict will probably be journalistic marasmus.

ABOUT as strong a proof of the efficacy of American detective methods as we have lately seen, is furnished by the fact that Blackwell's Island Penitentiary in New York has been robbed some eight times in the current month.

A NEW epidemic seems to have broken out in Mexico, Mo. Since the 1st of the month, according to this morning's dispatches, no less than fourteen persons have been kicked with more or less violence by mules.

MRS. DES DEBARS, who claims to be a daughter of the late King Ludwig of Bavaria, is about to be turned out of a New York hotel for trying to kill her landlady. Royalty in America is slightly at a discount as an equivalent for board.

The murderous nature of the game of seven up was illustrated again at Warrenton, Va., yesterday, when JAMES HOBBS killed Private RYAN of the United States Army, while both were engaged in this perilous pastime. Why cannot people be satisfied with poker?

The very latest development of American humor was brought to light at Philadelphia yesterday in the coroner's inquest on ANNIE CARROLL, a girl of sixteen. She had taken strychnine pills "for fun." It would seem from this, like the Scotch, Philadelphia jokes, but joke "wi' deefectibility."

MR. STOUT and Miss READ were married in Newport, R. I., yesterday, and sent invitations to their intimate friends, Queen Victoria and the Prince and Princess of Wales. Strange to say, they did not appear at the wedding, nor even telegraph their regrets and congratulations. STOUT and READ ought to have invited the Pope.

A. S. WARNER, president of the Albion, N. Y., National Bank, has joined the procession and is now supposed to be resting in Canada, while the mourners go about the streets wondering if the closed doors of the Albion bank will ever open again. The curious part of the business is that they confidently expect his return for two weeks after they saw him start for the Queen's dominions to dispose of some bridge stock.

The main trouble with our genealogical friend in the *Globe-Democrat* is that he did not sufficiently take into consideration the political demands of the case. The Welsh vote of the country is comparatively small, and BLAINE's alleged descent from a king of Wales will not help him much. Mr. PHILLIPS could just as easily have made him the descendant of BRIAN BOBU or KING GAMBURNE, and thereby offered special inducements to our Irish and German fellow citizens.

A FOND father in Cleveland, Ohio, has called on the strong arm of the law to induce his two boys to hunt up another boarding-house. His name is JAMES KENNAW and his complaint is a very singular document, asking that the boys be enjoined from securing board, lodging, washing and mending at his house. The court has granted a temporary injunction restraining the young men for the time being, and the case is to be looked into. In the rowdy West those boys would be enjoined with about twelve inches of sole leather, but then their proud boast in Ohio is that they live under the reign of law.

FROM all accounts the population of Iowa City is divided into two hostile mobs; one organized to defy the Prohibitory liquor laws, the other to enforce them. Hustling, house-stoning and tarring and feathering have made life rather exciting in that locality for some weeks back. Threats and kuklux warnings are interchanged between the factions at a lively rate, and two companies of citizens have been enrolled and armed with guns and bayonets. The Mayor refuses to authorize them to paint the town red with slaughter, but we are told that they sleep on their arms every night and have a committee laboring with the Mayor for permission to inaugurate a boom in the coffin trade. Verily there is no wilder inheritance than the Puritan drunk with fanaticism. It is the old, old story of peace and the orderly reign of law and reason sacrificed to establish the arrogant and insufferable tyranny of a meddling censorship over men's purely personal tastes and indulgences.

GEN. BUTLER wants it distinctly understood that he makes no bargain with BLAINE except on a strictly spot cash basis. He trusted BLAINE's promise once, he says, and will never trust it again. BLAINE sought him at Lowell and promised to make him chairman of the Committee on Appropriations if he would use his influence with the Southern carpet-baggers to elect BLAINE as Speaker over DAWES. BUTLER and the carpet-baggers turned the scale in BLAINE's favor, and now BUTLER testifies that BLAINE not only broke his promise but actually

climbed out of a window, sneaked into the House and left him watching the door while the list of committees was being submitted to the House. From this statement it is to be inferred that any arrangements entered into between BUTLER and BLAINE at the former's recent conferences with CHANDLER, ELKINS and ROBERTSON, related solely to ready money and campaign co-operation, not to future appointments. BLAINE's four presidential campaigns have left him with ten times as many promises out as there are offices at the disposal of a President.

"ORDERLY LITIGATION."
Three years have elapsed since the Star Route investigations yielded abundant and conclusive proofs of the fact that the United States Government had been defrauded of about \$10,000,000 in the shape of pay for mail service that had never been performed. The law commands that suits for recovery shall be brought "in all cases where money has been paid out of the funds of the Post Office Department under pretense that service has been performed therefor, when, in fact, such service has not been performed"; also in all cases "where money has been paid in consequence of fraudulent representations."

The Post Office Department having laid the evidence before Attorney-General BREWSTER, he declared that the suits should be pushed "with all the promptitude that orderly litigation would permit." But the months rolled by, the seasons came and went, and came again three times, and not a single suit has yet been instituted. Clamors arose at last for some action indicating a purpose on the part of the Attorney-General to obey the law, and finally, some months ago and pending the Republican nomination, it was announced that the cases would be put in the hands of a distinguished Republican lawyer of Kentucky, Hon. W. O. BRADLEY.

But there was further unaccountable delay until BLAINE was nominated. Then, when Mr. BRADLEY, who had been engaged to manage the cases, went on to institute proceedings, he found that Mr. BREWSTER had changed his mind about parting with the control of the cases. The Elkins and Dorsey crowd had triumphed at Chicago, and Mr. BRADLEY was forced to withdraw from the engagement, or proceed with it at the risk of his professional reputation under the direction of the Attorney-General who had made such a shameful fiasco of the criminal prosecutions.

Nobody else has been employed in BRADLEY's place. No self-respecting lawyer, no lawyer at all, except one of the BLISS kind, will undertake the cases subject to BREWSTER's interference. He is cutting a great figure with his equipages and retinue of liveried flunkies at the watering places, and no suit is begun, no preparation making to begin suit. This is what BREWSTER calls "all the promptitude that orderly litigation will permit."

It simply means that there is to be no honest prosecution of any ring of treasury robbers, no serious attempt to recover money stolen by them until a Democratic administration is inaugurated at Washington. As for the old peacock at the head of the law department, he is the most expensive and provoking fraud that ever held the position.

THE BLAINE PEDIGREE AGAIN.
VAN CLEVE PHILLIPS attempts in the columns of to-day's *Globe-Democrat* to defend his entirely indefensible pedigree of the BLAINE family, and to asperse the arms which the POST-DISPATCH has assigned to JAMES G. BLAINE, on the ground that we drew our information from "a local heraldic work." To settle the latter assertion first, we will simply say that we copied the arms and the information from a French pamphlet called *Histoire Genealogique du Famille Irlandaise O'Blayne*, printed at Douay, France, in 1863, and written by the Abbe MICHAEL O'SHAUGHNESSY O'BLAYNE, in which the Erse origin of the sept is plainly made out. The descent beginning with ADAM MAC DEIRIDH or the Son of God, is continued down through SETH, NOAH, GOG, MAGOG, NIUL OF THE NINE LANGUAGES, MILESIUS and HERMON to BLATHNACH, who was King of Jar-Connaught in A. D. 1002, at which time surnames were adopted in Ireland at the command of the monarch, BRIAN BOBU, after the battle of Clontarf.

The HY-BLATHNACH was anglicized into O'BLAYNE, BLAYNE and BLAINE, and the family lived in Mayo for centuries. When CROMWELL overran the country at the close of the Seventeenth Century, MILES O'BLAYNE became a Puritan, and, changing his name to TRIBULATION BLAINE, returned to England with the Lord Protector. His son, GIVEADAM BLAINE, came to America and was the direct ancestor of the Presidential candidate. This is history, not mere conjecture, like that of Mr. VAN CLEVE PHILLIPS.

Were it not that historical accuracy is at stake we would leave Mr. PHILLIPS to wander in his befogged belief that BLAINE is descended from a Roman-Welshman named MODOC. The Modocs, of course, were a tribe of California savages who organized a boat club in St. Louis after they were driven out of their mountain fastnesses in the lava beds. Everybody knows that—except Mr. PHILLIPS. And even if we were not thus able to prove an alibi for the Modocs, there are inherent evidences of fraud in his alleged Welsh pedigree which force themselves upon the general eye. For instance no Welsh family tree stops until it reaches one of the four persons, HECTOR OF TROY, KING DAVID OF JUDAH, JOSEPH OF ARIMATHEA or the original GOAT, and yet Mr. PHILLIPS makes no effort to hitch his line to either of these stumps.

Based upon the false hypothesis that the BLAINE came down from RODRI MAWR, VAN CLEVE PHILLIPS goes on to prove their Roman extraction, by their Roman names and minds, more absurd surplussage of course, for the BLAINEs are, as we have shown, Irish. VAN CLEVE closes with a statement that between the royal blood of Wales and the plebeian mixture in the veins of GROVER CLEVELAND, the country cannot doubt which to choose. Thus the dangerous purpose of this controversy becomes

evident, and we cannot too heartily congratulate ourselves upon our success in destroying this argument of the Republican party.

AMERICAN GOLD.
We have heard so much of the insidious working of British gold in this country, so many indictments against that treacherous metal in which the counts were that it was sapping the American constitution and breaking down American liberty, that it is with a long sigh of relief we learn that American gold has gone to work on the other side of the ocean with a full purpose to destroy England. Mr. ANDREW CANNIBAL, who accumulated a large fortune in this country under our tariff laws, has taken it home to England, and is now engaged in the pleasant task of abolishing the House of Lords. Upon this fact the Tory press erects its latest panic, claiming that America is trying to repudiate England with money.

They do not know us.
In the first place the American citizens who are in possession of gold or gold certificates, which are practically the same thing, may be divided into two grand classes, one of which cares about as much what sort of a government they have in England as in the moon. The other class might give not to exceed ten dollars or so to preserve the throne and the aristocracy of England, in order that people might believe they, too, were third or fourth cousins to the feudal system. About the only Americans who take any interest in English politics are our "Gentry," who manufacture for themselves wonderful combinations of coat armor, and who furnish a living to those queer English professionals who will make you a pedigree for ten pounds. There are no more bitter roots in England than these, whose one watchword is:

Let wealth and commerce, laws and learning die,
But leave us still our old nobility.
If American gold ever plays a part in England, it will not be a Democratic one. The aristocracy of America is of such a tender shoddy that it must strengthen itself in the eyes of the public by appearing to sympathize with the men whose crests and ancestors it has feloniously appropriated, or its exceedingly thin texture will be entirely too manifest. But the London *Standard* need not be alarmed. American gold will do a great deal more towards breaking down the morals and running up the prices of Paris than of London. And if we could buy the House of Lords at auction, the only man in the country apt to bid over fifty dollars for the job lot is PHINEAS T. BARNUM of Connecticut.

MR. A. S. WARNER, the President of the Albion (N. Y.) National Bank, has been the last addition to the innumerable caravan which moves to that mysterious realm of Canada where extradition has ceased to exist. His gain is Albion's loss to the extent of about \$150,000.
A Fatal Beautifier.
From the *Sacramento Bee*, August 12.
This morning about 1:30 o'clock Mrs. Nettie Eddy, formerly Miss Nettie Ten Eyck, died very suddenly at her mother's residence in the Clinch building. At the time she was a physician and was called to attend the lady suffering from the effects of some drug, which, upon investigation, he discovered to be arsenic. Upon questioning the patient the physician ascertained that she had taken a dose of arsenic about 9:30 o'clock last night, but upon being asked why she had taken the arsenic she declined to answer. Her relatives informed the medical man that the deceased had been in the habit of using the drug to beautify her complexion, and they claimed that in pursuance of her usual course of treatment last night she took an overdose and died from the effects of it. The doctor is satisfied that he could have saved her if he had been called in at the proper time, but she and her folks did not consider the case at all serious, and therefore did not think of sending for him. There were several rumors on the street to-day that the deceased had, in a fit of despondency, taken a dose of arsenic with suicidal intent. The sister of the dead woman and the family physician are, however, inclined to the opinion that the death was accidental. To arrive at the facts in the matter, the coroner has decided to hold an inquest. It will take place probably to-morrow evening, and will continue for several days, the married several years ago, and has a child or two.

Blaine and the Catholics.
From the *Connecticut Current*.
A friend has called our attention to the following significant language of Blaine and the comments of the New York Sun in January, 1876. The Sun says: "Mr. Blaine took occasion in his anti-anarchy speech to indulge in a coarse fling at the Catholic Church which was not materially improved by his denunciation of a candidate. He said, referring to the testimony of the Rev. W. J. Hamilton about the sufferings at Andersonville: 'He is a Southern man and a Democrat and a Catholic priest. And when you unite these three qualities in one man you would not materially improve his condition.' He said, referring to the testimony of the Rev. W. J. Hamilton about the sufferings at Andersonville: 'He is a Southern man and a Democrat and a Catholic priest. And when you unite these three qualities in one man you would not materially improve his condition.' He said, referring to the testimony of the Rev. W. J. 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Among the latter is the common employment of women in the fields. Out of every hundred old laborers whom I saw fully sixty were women. As a rule the women either leave their infants at home to the care of some old uncle or lay them down in the fields where they work. In a field, near Olten I saw a rare sight

that of a peasant woman who could afford the luxury of a baby carriage for her infant. After every few strokes with the scythe she would go and push the carriage a trifle farther, so as to keep the baby always in sight. The use of the scythe is not common, reaping ordinarily being done with the sickle. Both these implements, as well as the hoe and

like employed, are of the most primitive and
couth types, and render the labor of
the peasant unnecessarily hard. Their contin-
ued use and the employment of women in the
fields bespeaks great poverty among the peas-
ants, all assertions and theories to the contrary
withstanding. All the flagmen throughout
Spain and along this railway line are women.

and very good dagnen they make, too, only it leaved me to see women put to such work because, apart from mere sentimental considerations, it leaves no chance for the improvement of the race. Traveling with acting-vice-President Foster in 1867 through the State of Pennsylvania, we saw a German emigrant woman peeling potatoes. "That," said Mr. Foster, "is

"The first white woman I ever saw working in a field in America, although I was raised as a farmer and have traveled all over the country. Consider it just ground for patriotic pride to be able to say this of my country."

